

PROGRESSION IN MUSIC

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	Reception	Areas of study	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
		One will be instrument based, one will cover other musical skills	Instrument Untuned percussion	Instrument Tuned percussion	Instrument Ukulele	Instrument Ukulele	Instrument Recorder	Instrument Recorder
		SINGING	Sing simple folk tunes in unison, both with and without accompaniment or backing tracks.	Sing simple songs and folk tunes in rounds.	 Sing songs and folk rounds whilst accompanied by ostinatos from the group. Use voices to create and control sounds, including tempo, volume and pitch. 	Sing pieces in two parts that have contrasting melodies and counter- melodies.	 Sing pieces, including those from the western classical tradition, with a range of at least 8 notes and pieces with 2 different parts. Create different vocal effects when singing and rapping. 	 Sing musically, responding to the performance directions of the piece. (Eg phrasing) Sing more extended harmony parts.
MUSIC	Sing songs and make music, experime nting with ways of changing them. Represent own ideas, thoughts	PULSE AND RHYTHM	Keep a steady pulse in a group and be able to pick out two different tempos in music Repeat back short, basic rhythms and perform rhythmic ostinatos.	 Keep a steady pulse in a group and solo, with musical accompaniment, demonstrating at least 2 different time signatures (3/4 and 4/4) Repeat back longer basic rhythms (at least 2 bars) Perform, using notation (crotchets, quavers and minims) 	 Keep a steady pulse in a group and solo, without musical accompaniment, demonstrating different time signatures (2/3, 3/4 and 4/4), using at least 3 different tempos. Perform rhythms that are longer than two bars, using crotchets, quavers, minims and their rests. 	 On a tuned instrument, keep a steady pulse in 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time signatures and using different tempos Perform pieces with at least two rhythms happening together Recognise and clap back rhythms, using single quaver rests 	 On a tuned instrument, regularly and accurately perform pieces using at least 3 contrasting tempos and time signatures Perform pieces which use off-beat and dotted rhythms and single quaver rests. 	 When performing solo and in an ensemble, follow direction to change tempo accurately within pieces of music. Perform pieces which use off-beat and syncopated rhythms in three different time signatures and three different tempos.
	and feelings through music.	MELODY AND NOTATION	 Sing back short melodies that use 2 pitched notes. Develop the concept of pattern work in music, using notation grids 	 Sing back short melodies that use around 3 pitched notes. Perform from rhythmic notation, including crotchets and minims. 	Perform and compose, using at least 3 pitched notes or chords and simple rhythms (crotchets, quavers, minims and rests)	Perform and compose, using 5 pitched notes or 4 chords.	 Perform and compose, using 5-8 pitched notes. Capture the work in different formats so it can be recreated 	 Perform and compose, using 8 pitched notes Capture the work in different formats, including staff notation, so it can be recreated
		COMPOSING AND IMPROVISING	Improvise simple rhythms based on given stimuli. (Eg Rhythm grids).	Repeat back longer basic rhythms from memory (at least 2 bars) and add imitations of the rhythms	Create basic 3 note tunes and simple rhythms, using crotchets, quavers, minims and their rests.	 Improvise and compose tunes using 5 notes Create more developed rhythmic patterns (around 4 bars)` 	Create 4 bar melodies (in different tempos and rime signatures) that can be performed and include some off-beat rhythms	Improvise and compose extended pieces of music, using up to 8 notes and a variety of rhythms, tempos and time signatures

	LISTENING K&U	 Identify musical features in a range of high-quality live and recorded music Replicate basic rhythms heard 	 Identify where elements change (Eg music gets faster or louder) Replicate these changes in a simple performance 	 Identify and describe musical features in pieces from different traditions Sing or play back simple melodies that are heard 	 Compare pieces of music in different traditions Perform music heard aurally that contains 2 different parts at the same time 	 Whilst listening, pick out and perform syncopated and off-beat rhythms Be able to explain why the music uses those types of rhythms 	 Talk about the key features of music including tempo, metre, instrumentation and melody Understand the key features of at least four different types / genres of
Perform, volume, 'in time' musical instruments tambourine, drums, guitar, triangle, cymbals	PROGRESSIVE VOCABULARY	Allegro, bar, melody (tune), moderato, percussion, performance, pitch, pulse, rhythm, tempo	crotchet, imitation, minim, quaver, repetition, rest, round	accompaniment, composition, forte, improvisation, largo, notation, ostinato, phrasing, piano, time signature, tuned, unison	chord, counter melody, harmony, solo	crescendo, diminuendo, dotted rhythm, dynamics, instrumentation, musical features, off-beat rhythms, score, staff notation, syncopated	Recap all vocabulary